

When installing wall cabinets, it is important to secure all cabinets together. For any cabinet that does not have additional cabinets on both sides, it is necessary to secure the open end of that cabinet to the ceiling or soffit studs with two (2) lag bolts (not supplied) through the top panel and front frame on the side that is open. On any wall cabinet that is hung on the wall where both ends are open, it is extremely important to secure this cabinet to the ceiling or soffit studs with four (4) lag bolts (not supplied) through the front frame and top panel on both sides.

4. Base cabinets

First, put the base cabinets in place starting with the corner cabinets. If a base blind corner cabinet is used, pull it out of the corner to the proper dimension, as shown on your kitchen layout. Shim this cabinet up to the high spot line previously located.

NOTE: Full overlay frame style construction blind corner cabinets with decorative hardware applied must be pulled out 3" from the corner to provide a 90° door opening. If no decorative hardware is to be applied, then you only need to pull a full overlay frame style cabinet 1 1/2" from the corner to provide a 90° door opening. In both situations, the cabinet adjacent to the blind corner must also have a 3" or 1 1/2" filler applied.

Base blind corner cabinets may be pulled as necessary. A 3" filler is included with each base blind corner which must be used as an extension of the adjacent cabinet to

If there is no soffit or ceiling above the cabinets, a support or decorative leg must be installed through the bottom of the cabinet to the countertop on all open ends to support the open ends. If this is secured to studs properly at top and bottom, cabinet will be completely supported. Failure to follow securing instructions outlined in this paragraph could result in cabinets falling off the wall.

Fillers or cabinets with extended stiles.

If it is necessary to use a filler, it is preferred to place the filler or fillers at the ends of the cabinet runs or next to

provide necessary door and drawer clearance.

If using a base lazy susan cabinet, apply a 1 x 2 strip to the wall at the proper height to support the countertop. Apply to both walls at right angles as shown. These strips should be screwed to the studs and will provide support for the countertop once it is installed into the corner. It is usually better to fasten at least one cabinet in both directions to the LS and be sure they are shimmed properly, attaching the countertop brace described above.

Once the corner cabinet is positioned properly into the corner, use the stud marks on the wall to locate the position of the screws for mounting the base cabinets to the wall. Drill a hole at the stud location through the back rail of the base cabinet approximately 3/4" from the top and into the stud. Attach the cabinet to the wall with the screws provided inside each cabinet. Be sure to use the shims under the cabinet base to bring it up to the previously established level line.

the blind corner cabinets rather than between cabinets in the middle of the run. Fillers or extended stiles should be cut to fit the space required.

Valances must be cut to fit the space left between the cabinets. If you have a scalloped valance, find the center and mark 1/2 of the space required between the cabinets and cut from both ends to maintain the same measurement on each side of the center line. Attach valances by drilling and screwing through the stiles or end panels of the adjacent cabinets.

Install the next cabinet in the same manner. Using your two (2) "C" clamps, clamp stiles tightly together, making sure the horizontal frame members rails form a level and straight line. Now, drill a pilot hole through the stile or end panel of the second cabinet. Use the screws supplied in the inside of each cabinet. A little wax on the screws will help you to set them easily. Draw the two stiles or end panels tightly together. Remove the "C" clamps. After all base cabinets are securely fastened to the wall reinstall doors & drawers, and check each door and drawer for proper alignment. If a drawer front does not lie flush against the front frame, re-check each cabinet, assuring they are both vertically and horizontally level.

5. Fine Tuning

Common service problems you can handle.

As a do-it-yourselfer, you have assumed the role of the contractor. In assuming this role, there are certain responsibilities that at times become necessary to "tune-up" the job once installed. After all cabinets have been installed plumb and level, place doors and drawers back on cabi-

nets. Install doors making sure hinge adjustments are made so reveals between doors and drawers are equal. Make sure these adjustments are made before installing pulls or knobs.

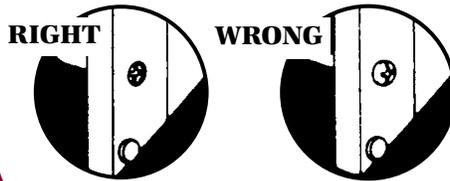
Listed below are several conditions and causes followed by typical remedies for those conditions. Please refer to our "Protecting Your Investment/Care and Cleaning Guide for other adjustment information.

CAUTION:

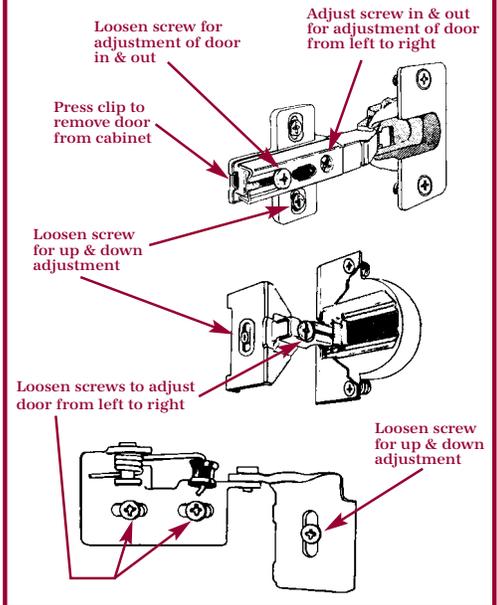
Self-cleaning appliances generate intense heat during a cleaning cycle and the integrity of the appliance seal or gasket may be compromised with age, improper installation, etc. We recommend the removal of doors and/or drawers from cabinets adjacent to, or directly above, an appliance during a cleaning cycle to prevent possible finish or surface damage.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Countersinking screws is required on all door decorative hardware to prevent scratching of face frame.



Hinge adjustment



TROUBLE-SHOOTING GUIDE

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Double doors on cabinet do not line up.	1. Cabinet not set level and square (racked).	1. Loosen screws and use shims to make cabinet plumb. 2. Loosen hinge screws and readjust.
Door does not fit up to cabinet face frame at either top or bottom.	1. Hinge out-of-adjustment or cabinet racked. 2. Door warped due to extreme dryness or humidity.	1. Make sure cabinet is plumb and level. Then, reset hinge. 2. Relative humidity level should be at least 35%. Install proper control in home. If the door has already warped, leave door partially open and it should adjust itself.
Drawer face does not fit flush with cabinet.	1. Drawer glide out of alignment.	1. Pull out drawer. Push rear of drawer glides toward center. 2. Close drawer. Drawer should automatically reset.
Scratches, nicks and dents.	1. Mishandling.	1. Touch-Up Kit (available from your dealer).